THE NSSC (NEC SUBGROUPS SIGNATURE CALCULATION) PACKAGE

ISMAEL CORTÁZAR, ANTONIO F. COSTA (2017)

1. Introduction

The NSSC package provides an implementation of the Hoare's algorithm (ref [2]), with the improvements in the calculation of the direction of the period-cycles described in ref [1].

So given an NEC group Δ and an homomorphism φ , with transitive image, into the symmetrical group of n elements S_n , the algorithm calculates the signature of the subgroup $\Gamma = \varphi^{-1}(Stab(1))$.

The NSSC package contains a most important function named $NSSC_CalcMain$, this function takes a record with the data of the group Δ and the homomorphism into S_n , and returns a record with the signature of Γ and details on the calculations made.

This function is intended to be used by another functions that generate data of NEC groups and homomorphism and analyze the results.

For the convenience of the user that just want to analyze a particular case the package provides a function called NSSC_CalcFile that uses a text file as input and writes the result in another text file (that could be the screen).

The input file must accomplish the GAP syntax as it is read using the standard GAP function *ReadAsFunction*. But it could be very easily generated starting from any of the multiple examples provided by the package.

The output file is self-explanatory, and besides the signature of the subgroup contains detailed information of the calculations, although there is an option to get a terse output with just the signature.

2. Installation

The installation of the nssc package is rather easy. After uncompress the down-loaded file it suffices with copy the nssc directory into the GAP library directory.

3. Functions

The package provides the following functions

NSSC_CalcMain(data). Takes the record data as input and return the record res. This function is intended to be called by functions inside a bigger GAP project.

NSSC_CalcFile(filein, <fileout>). The parameter filein is the name of a text file with a description of the starting NEC group and of the homomorphism into the symmetrical group, fileout is the name of the text file in which the results will be written, this is an optional parameter if it is not present results are written in the screen.

It is important to note that file must follow GAP sintax as it is to be read using ReadAsFunction. Also the name of the variable data, inside the file, should not be changed.

This function has three options: **dir**, **terse**, and **debug**: The option *terse* provokes than only the signature is written to the output file. The option *dir* makes the program use the specified directory, instead of the current one, to search *flilein* and to write *fileout*. The directory could be specified either as an string or as a GAP directory object.

The option debug is not intended for the users of the package.

Example:

NSSC CalcFile("descr.g":dir:=NSSC TestDir(),terse);

Writes just the signature of the subgroup into the screen using the description file descr.g in the package test directory.

NSSC_CheckOrient(data). This function returns a record ret with information on the orientability of the cover surface (described by the NEC subgroup $\Gamma = \varphi^{-1}(Stab(1))$). The record data is the same that the used in $NSSC_CalcMain$, actually it calls this function.

NSSC_TestDir(). Returns the package test directory either as a GAP object directory or as an string if the option *str* is used.

4. Records

First of all a word on notation: Every reflection generator of Γ is produced by a reflection generator of Δ whose image by φ fixes an element (coset) of Sn. Since every reflection of Δ lives inside a period-cycle, given a reflection of Γ we can speak of the generating period-cycle, the originating reflection (position inside the period-cycle), and the originating fixed coset.

Similarly every elliptic generator of Γ is produced either by an elliptic generator of Δ or by an dihedral group of reflections of Δ , so we can speak of the generating elliptic generator or the generating period-cycle and reflections,

There are several records that are used as inputs/outputs of the functions:

Data input record. This record contains the data of the NEC group Δ and the homomorphism φ into S_n . The fields starting by S_{-} define the group whereas those starting by H_{-} define the homomorphism, this record is initialized in the GAP file that is used as input to $NSSC_{-}CalcFile()$, or must be filled up prior to call $NSSC_{-}CalcMain$

The fields are:

- data.S ORIENT true or false depending on the orientability of Δ .
- data.S GENUS genus of Δ .
- data.S NELLIP number of elliptic periods of Δ .
- data.S EPERIODS array with the elliptic periods of Δ .
- data.S NPERCYC number of period-cycles of Δ .
- data.S_NREFPERCYC array with the number of reflections of each period-cycle of Δ.
- data.S CPERIODS array of arrays of the period-cycles of Δ .
- data.H_NC order of the cover of Δ , so the homomorphism φ will be into the symmetrical group of data.H_NC elements, it is also the index Δ/Γ being $\Gamma = \varphi^{-1}(Stab(1))$ the subgroup whose signature is to be calculated.
- data.H_AGEN array of permutations image by φ of the generators of the fundamental group (number equal genus) of the surface defined by Δ neither considering elliptic points nor reflections. These generators will be conformal if the original surface is orientable and anticonformal otherwise.
- data.H_BGEN array of permutations image by φ of the generators of the fundamental group (number equal genus) of the surface defined by Δ neither considering elliptic points nor reflections, they exist only in case of orientable surfaces, being so conformal.
- data.H_XGEN array of permutations image by φ of the elliptic generators of Δ .
- data.H_REFGEN array of arrays of permutations image by φ of the reflections generators of Δ. Indexed by period-cycle and number of reflection inside it.
- data.H_CONNGEN array of permutations image by φ of the connection generators of Δ . Indexed by period-cycle.

Results record. This record returned by $NSSC_CalcMain$ contains the signature of the NEC subgroup $\Gamma = \varphi^{-1}(Stab(1))$ and additional data on the calculations made to obtain it.

The fields are:

- res.OK false if something has gone wrong in the calculation.
- res.Diag text with an intended explanation of the error if it has happened.
- res.CoverORIENT true if the Klein surface defined by Γ is orientable.

- res.BIPARTITE_ONE if the surface defined by Γ is orientable this is the set of the bipartition that contains the coset numbered 1. The colour associated to this set is 0.
- res.BIPARTITE_OTHER if the surface defined by Γ is orientable this is the set of the bipartition that does not contain the coset numbered 1. The colour associated to this set is 1.
- res.CoverEPERIODS array with the elliptic periods of Γ .
- res.CoverEPERIODSVAL1 array with information on the origin of the the elliptic period of Γ , 0 if it comes from an elliptic period of Δ , or the number of the period-cycle of Δ in which the pair of originating reflections are located.
- res.CoverEPERIODSVAL2 array with information on the origin of the the elliptic period, case of being originated by a pair of reflections of Δ , it stores the number of the lowest reflection of the pair.
- res.CoverPERCYC array of records, one by period-cycle of Γ (explained later).
- res.AUX_FIXED array of array of cosets fixed by reflections, indexed by period-cycle of Δ and number of reflection inside it.
- res.AUX_ORBITS array of array of orbits in S_n of the dihedral groups generated by reflections j, j + 1 of the period-cycle i (so indexed by i, j) of Δ (there is an array of orbits corresponding to a pair of indexes i, j being each group of elements in one orbit further indexed by k).
- res.AUX_FCONVI, res.AUX_FCONVF the first and last reflections of a period-cycle have the same number of fixed cosets related by the permutation associated to the corresponding connection generator. This fields contain the fixed cosets of the last reflection and the corresponding ones of the first reflection. These ararys are indexed by period-cycle.
- res.AUX_CREF array of array of records with information of the reflections of Γ, indexed by the originating period-cycle of Δ and another index that is not easily related with anything, so searches inside the array are frequently performed. The record will be detailed later.

Cover reflections record (res.AUX_CREF[i][j]). This record stores data of a reflection generator of Γ .

The fields are:

- auxcref.orgpcycle originating period-cycle of Δ .
- auxcref.pos originating reflection.
- auxcref.fix originating fixed coset.
- auxcref.name name of the reflection of Γ . Names are formed as irj_k being i the originating period-cycle, r just this letter, j the originating reflection, and k the originating fixed coset.

- auxcref.scan used internally when the algorithm scans through reflections, don't care.
- auxcref.link1 index, inside the array $res.AUX_CREF[i]$, of one of the reflections of Γ that forms one of the two dihedral groups of contiguous reflections of Γ in which the current reflection is involved (the link is found using the orbits of dihedral groups of Δ or through the image by φ of connection generators).
- auxcref.dih1 order of the dihedral group formed by the current reflection
 of Γ and that indexed by link1.
- auxcref.typ1 type of link1, 1 if each of the two fixed cosets if fixed by a different reflection of Δ or the link1 is through a connection generator (both fixed cosets of the same colour), 2 otherwise.
- auxcref.orgdh1 order inside the period-cycle of Δ of the reflection corresponding to the fixed coset that generates the reflection of Γ pointed by link1. In case the current reflection is the first one and the pointed by link1 the last one this field is filled with -1.
- auxcref.name1 name of the reflection indexed by link1. The same for the other related reflection of Γ .
- auxcref.link2
- auxcref.dih2
- auxcref.typ2
- auxcref.orgdh2
- auxcref.name2

Cover period-cycle record. This record stores data of a period-cycle of Γ , they are the elements of res. CoverPERCYC.

The fields are indexed in $res.AUX_CREF[i]$ (being i the previous field) of the reflections of the period-cycle.

- **percyc.ORGPC** originating period-cycle in Δ .
- **percyc.ELEMS** array of indexed in *res.AUX_CREF[i]* (being i the previous field) of the reflections of the period-cycle.
- **percyc.LINKS** array of links ((1,2) of auxcref) used to obtain the next reflection of the period-cycle.
- percyc.DIHS the period-cycle itself, ones should not be considered.
- percyc.COLORS array of colours of the cosets fixed by the originating reflections of this period-cycle.

5. Test Directory

There is a test directory, returned by $NSSC_TestDir$ that contains many examples of description and result files. The description files have an extension .g. Of course

this is not necessary but it has be done to emphasize that these files must accomplish GAP sintax.

6. Example

An example of the use of the package follows. The input data file is:

```
local data; data:=rec();
\#ORIENTABLE
data. S\_ORIENT := false;
#Genus
data.S GENUS:=2;
#Elliptic generators
data.S NELLIP:=2;
\#Periods
data.S EPERIODS:=[3,4];
#Number of period cycles
data.S NPERCYC:=2;
#Number or reflections en each period cycle data
S_NREFPERCYC:=[4,1];
# Periods of period cycles data
S CPERIODS:=[[24,6,12], []];
###################
#Cover order
data.H NC:=8;
#Surface generators
data.H AGEN:=[(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8), (3,4,5,6,7,8)(1,2)];
#Elliptic Generators
data.H XGEN:=[(1,5,7)(2,4,8),(1,3,5,7)(6,8)];
\#Reflections
{\rm data.H} \ \ {\rm REFGEN:=[} \ \ \#{\rm First} \ \ {\rm Cycle} \ \ [(2,3)(5,6), \ \ (1,2)(4,5)(6,7), \ \ (1,2)(3,4)(7,8),
(3,4)(6,1)], #Second Cycle [(1,4)(5,8)];
# Connecting generators
data.H CONNGEN:=[(1,3,5)(2,4,6), ()];
##################
return data;
```

And the file with results is:

```
Signature (13;+;[3,3,4,4,2,6,12];\{(8,2,12),(4,2,24,6,6),(),(),(),(),()\})
Orientable Cover Genus: 13
Elliptic periods of the cover: [ 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 6, 12 ]
Cover has 6 Period Cycles
Cover Period Cycle \#1->(8,2,12) Cover Period Cycle \#2->(4,2,24,6,6)
Cover Period Cycle \#3-> () Cover Period Cycle \#4-> ()
Cover Period Cycle \#5-> () Cover Period Cycle \#6-> ()
                                                            **********
                   CALCULATION
                                          DETAILS
************
Bipartite sets [1, 3, 5, 7] [2, 4, 6, 8]
****** Elliptics
Period 3 generated from elliptic 1
Period 3 generated from elliptic 1
Period 4 generated from elliptic 2
Period 4 generated from elliptic 2
Period 2 generated from elliptic 2
Period 6 generated from period cycle 1 Reflections 2 3
Period 12 generated from period cycle 1 Reflections 3 4
****** COSETS FIXED BY REFLECTIONS
PERIOD CYCLE 1
REFLECT 1 [ 1, 4, 7, 8 ] REFLECT 2 [ 3, 8 ] REFLECT 3 [ 5, 6 ] REFLECT 4 [
2, 5, 7, 8
PERIOD CYCLE 2
REFLECT 1 [2, 3, 6, 7]
****** ORBITS OF DIHEDRAL GROUPS OF REFLECTIONS
Period Cycle 1
Orbit R1 R2 [ 1, 2, 3 ] [ 4, 5, 6, 7 ] [ 8 ] Orbit R2 R3 [ 1, 2 ] [ 3, 4, 5 ] [ 6, 7, 8 ]
Orbit R3_R4 [ 1, 2, 6 ][ 3, 4 ][ 5 ][ 7, 8 ]
Fixed coset conversion R4 R1: [2, 5, 7, 8]->[4, 1, 7, 8]
Period Cycle 2
Fixed coset conversion R1 R1: [2, 3, 6, 7] -> [2, 3, 6, 7]
***** PERIOD CYCLES OF THE COVER
Cover period cycle #1
Originating period cycle in the original surface 1
Colors [0, 0, 0, 0]
Dihedral orders [8, 2, 12, 1]
Reflections 1r1 1 1r2 3 1r3 5 1r4 5 1r1 1
Cover period cycle #2
Originating period cycle in the original surface 1
Colors [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0]
Dihedral orders [1, 4, 2, 24, 1, 6, 1, 6]
Cover period cycle #3
Originating period cycle in the original surface 2
Colors [1]
Dihedral orders [1]
Reflections 2r1 2 2r1 2
```

```
Cover period cycle #4
Originating period cycle in the original surface 2
Colors [ 0 ]
Dihedral orders [ 1 ]
Reflections 2r1_3 2r1_3
Cover period cycle #5
Originating period cycle in the original surface 2
Colors [ 1 ]
Dihedral orders [ 1 ]
Reflections 2r1_6 2r1_6
Cover period cycle #6
Originating period cycle in the original surface 2
Colors [ 0 ]
Dihedral orders [ 1 ]
Reflections 2r1_7 2r1_7
```

7. Sample session

Let us suppose that there is a directory called pru inside the starting directory of GAP, and a description file in it named descr. We want to have the results written in file res in the same directory

(The starting directory is specified in GAP batch starting file,. A typical example would be:

set HOME=%HOMEDRIVE%%HOMEPATH%\Documents\gap)

After that we run another example in the test directory.

References

- [1] Cortázar, Ismael; Costa Antonio F. Computing the signatures of subgroups of non-Euclidean crystallographic groups, J. of Algebra 477 (2017), 483-493
- [2] Hoare, A.H.M. (1990). Subgroups of NEC groups and finite permutation groups, Quart. J. Math 41 (1990), 45-59.